

Happiness

results from that true contentment which indicates perfect health of body and mind. You may possess it, if you will purify and invigorate your blood with Ayer's Sarsaparilla. E. M. Howard, Newport, N. H., writes: "I suffered for years with Scrofulous humors. After using two bottles of Ayer's Sarsaparilla, I

Found

great relief. It has entirely restored me to health." James French, Atchison, Kans., writes: "To all persons suffering from Liver Complaint, I would strongly recommend Ayer's Sarsaparilla. I was afflicted with a disease of the liver for nearly two years, when a friend advised me to take this medicine. It gave prompt relief, and has cured me." Mrs. H. M. Kidder, 41 Dwight st., Boston, Mass., writes: "For several years I have used Ayer's Sarsaparilla in my family. I never feel safe, even

At Home

without it. As a liver medicine and general purifier of the blood, it has no equal." Mrs. A. B. Allen, Winterport, Va., writes: "My youngest child, two years of age, was taken with Bowel Complaint, which we could not cure. We tried many remedies, but he continued to grow worse, and finally became so reduced in flesh that we could only move him upon a pillow. It was suggested by one of the doctors that Scrofula might be the cause of the trouble. We procured a bottle of

AYER'S Sarsaparilla and commenced giving it to him. It surely worked wonders, for, in a short time, he was completely cured." Sold by all Druggists. Price \$1; Six bottles, \$5. Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass., U. S. A.

USE Vegetable Siccilian HALL'S HAIR RENEWER. It is a medicinal preparation, and, at the same time, an elegant and cleanly toilet article. Its action upon the scalp is healthful. It nourishes the glands which support the hair, and causes thin, dry hair to become thick, soft, and vigorous. It restores the color of youth to locks which have become faded with age or disease; and relieves and cures itching, caused by humors of the scalp. Dr. George Gray, Nashua, N. H., writes: "It gives me pleasure to testify to the wonderful effects produced by Hall's Vegetable Siccilian Hair Renewer, as observed by me in very many cases. IT WILL CERTAINLY RESTORE THE HAIR TO ITS ORIGINAL COLOR. It cleanses the head of dandruff, and leaves the hair soft, glossy, and beautiful." F. T. Sandhein, 1010 Spruce st., Philadelphia, Pa., writes: "After unavailingly trying a number of preparations to prevent my hair from falling out, and, realizing that I was fast becoming bald, I tried, as a last resort, Hall's Hair Renewer. I have used only four bottles of the Renewer, and am perfectly satisfied that it is the best preparation in the market for checking the falling out of hair, invigorating the hair roots, and promoting a new growth."

Buckingham's Dye FOR THE WHISKERS commends itself to all who have occasion to use a dye for the beard or mustache. It will change gray, faded, or sandy whiskers, to a beautiful brown or black, as desired. The colors produced are natural and lasting. It cannot be washed off, contains no destructive ingredients, is cheap, safe, convenient to use, and effectual. PREPARED BY R. F. HALL & CO., NASHUA, N. H., U. S. A. Sold by all Dealers in Medicines.

MALTBY, BENTLEY & CO., Wholesale and Retail

GROCERS!

WINE, LIQUORS, TOBACCOS AND TEAS

Fine Concord Wine for medicinal purposes. No. 10, Market Street.

DR. DEWITT C. FRANKLIN, Dentist, Office: Sutton Street, next door to Postoffice.

PARNELL'S DISCLOSURES.

THE CONSERVATIVES PROMISE A HOME RULE BILL.

The Ministerialists Frantic With Delight. Shivering and Stunned—Parnell's Speech Came Too Late—It Might Have Saved the Bill—Personal and Political.

LONDON, June 9.—Nothing like last night's excitement has been witnessed in the house of commons for years. The galleries were crowded and the floor and lobbies jammed. Michael Davitt occupied a seat in the gallery and near him sat Earl Spencer, both of whom listened intently to the speeches for and against the bill. Mr. Goschen's rattling speech sensibly impressed the waverers until Mr. Parnell, in his most solemn manner, confirmed what many have long suspected, that the Conservatives had promised to introduce a Home Rule bill in order to secure the support of the Parnellites at the last elections. Lord Randolph Churchill turned in his seat and glared at Mr. Parnell as the latter made plain the bargain by which the Conservatives had in many constituencies secured the co-operation of the Nationalists, and a number of the disidents sat mute and visibly shivered as the disclosure was made.

The Ministerialists were frantic with delight, and the Conservatives stunned for the moment, but after the latter recovered sufficiently to yell laconic denials of the Irish leader's statement after he had ceased speaking. The Conservative leaders held an earnest conference after Mr. Parnell's speech, temporarily neglecting their dinner for that purpose.

There is a general feeling that Mr. Parnell ought to have spoken earlier, as he would undoubtedly have saved the bill and the government by doing so.

The result of the second reading of the Home Rule bill was 311 for, and 340 against, which virtually kills the bill.

The Cable News correspondent at Lisbon writes that Prince George, the second son of the Prince of Wales, paid marked court to Princess Helene, daughter of the Comte de Paris during the marriage fetes in honor of the union of the Duke of Braganza and Princess Amelie. The opinion is prevalent in Lisbon court circles that the prince is madly in love with Princess Helene, and many predict that an effort will be made to accomplish their marriage.

It is stated that Madam Christine Nilsson, after her European tour, which will end next April, will marry Count Casa Miranda, formerly departmental secretary at Madrid under the government of Canovas Del Castillo.

Mr. Labouchere assured the Cable News correspondent that he fully expected the defeat of the government, and is quite reconciled. He feels certain the Irish question will be settled upon a broader and more Democratic basis after the new elections.

The French Conservative Republicans are thrown into despair by the weakness of M. DeFreycinet's government in dealing with the Extremists' demand for the proscription of the princes.

Press Opinions.

LONDON, June 9.—The Standard, commenting upon the defeat of Mr. Gladstone on the division of the second reading of the Home Rule bill, says: "By its vote last night the house of commons saved itself from degradation and the empire from disruption. It has also read a lesson to Ireland, which, after the first irritation over the defeat of the bill has subsided, will, we trust, be duly appreciated by the quick-witted inhabitants of that country. Gladstone, Parnell and Morley may now rest satisfied that what the present house of commons refused to do no parliament returned on an appeal to the constituencies to decide between unity and separation of the empire will ever be induced to sanction."

The Times says: "The vote on the Home Rule bill last night will encourage the Loyalists in Ireland to the hope that their kinsmen here will never abandon them to the mercies of the Irish national league and its paymasters in America. We rejoice that the majority was so decisive. It speaks well for the independence and courage of the house of commons, and is strong testimony in favor of the belief that Englishmen and Scotchmen are not yet ready to submit themselves to the leveling influence of the machine politics of America. If the government was granted a second reading of the bill it would undoubtedly introduce the same measure at the autumn session. On this issue the division was taken, and the bill has been condemned both in the present and future tense."

The Daily News says: "The defeat of the government on the second reading of the Home Rule bill last night, renders the dissolution of parliament inevitable. Mr. Gladstone's closing speech was worthy of both himself and the occasion. The whole case is now before the country for decision."

In Dublin.

DUBLIN, June 9.—The defeat of the second reading of the Home Rule bill in the house of commons last night, is being celebrated with great enthusiasm throughout north of Ireland to-day. In many towns the excitement is intense and a regular jubilee is being held. In Belfast, Londonderry, Lurgan, Armagh and other towns, bells have been ringing all day, and innumerable bonfires are burning. Cannons are also being fired at short intervals, and crowds are parading the streets singing the national anthem, "God save the Queen." In several places the Catholics have evinced their disapproval by throwing stones. Thus far, however, no outbreaks of a serious nature are reported.

Richard M. Hoe Dead.

FLORENCE, Italy, June 9.—Col. Richard M. Hoe, a member of the firm of Hoe & Co., printing press manufacturers, of New York city, died here yesterday afternoon.

The President's Texas Visit.

SAN ANTONIO, Tex., June 9.—Annie Brown, the wife of a once noted gambler, of this city, has been brought here from El Paso in an insane condition, caused by domestic troubles. She imagines she is the bride of President Cleveland, and tells her friends how happy she is with her distinguished husband, and says they are now enjoying the honeymoon. Mrs. Brown is a woman of culture, and bears traces of former beauty.

FAMOUS STUDEBAKER CASE.

First Express Robbery Known to the Courts—How It Was Done.

FORT WAYNE, Ind., June 9.—Efforts of the detectives to unravel the mystery attending the removal of \$10,000 in bills from a package sent from Cincinnati to Van Wert, Ohio, by the United States Express company, recalls the famous Studebaker case, the first of that class of robberies known to the courts, which ended in fixing the responsibility of the loss of \$5,000 on the Express company.

The argument made by counsel for Studebaker & Co., and which convinced the jury, it is believed by many, is applicable to all robberies of this character. The lawyer, Judge R. S. Taylor, proceeded upon the theory that the package was opened and resealed in transit by messengers of the express company. He illustrated the method of procedure by first taking an impression in plaster of Paris of a seal of a genuine package. Then he broke the seal, having first melted it down and scraped it. The contents of the package were then removed and newspapers, which the lawyers cut to the size of bank notes, were substituted, and, with the plaster of Paris mold, the package was resealed and made to bear the appearance of never having been trifled with. The whole operation consumed but forty-five minutes.

In its journey from Cincinnati to Van Wert, the package which now engages the attention of the detectives might have been opened, robbed and resealed in this way an hundred times.

BIG FIRE IN MAINE.

Elevators, Ice Houses and Many Dwellings Burned—Loss \$250,000.

GARDINER, Me., June 9.—A most disastrous fire, causing the loss of nearly \$250,000 worth of property, broke out in an elevator connected with the ice house of Bodwell & Allen in Pittsford. Within fifteen minutes three buildings were totally destroyed. The flames then crossed the street to two dwellings owned by the firm and occupied by several tenants, and these also were burned. A sudden change in the wind carried the flames across the Kennebec, and in a few moments the entire roof of the South Knickerbocker ice house was ablaze.

The excitement at this time became intense as in the vicinity of the Knickerbocker houses were a long line of ice houses and many fine residences all of which were endangered. The fire departments of Hallowell, Gardiner, South Gardiner and Augusta were all engaged in fighting the flames which, however, quickly spread from the Knickerbocker houses to the adjacent buildings known as the Marshall house, and before these were fairly burning it was discovered that the fire had recrossed the river and attacked the ice houses of Chelsea belonging to the same company.

Little or nothing could be done toward saving the buildings already burning, and the efforts of the firemen were directed toward saving the residences in Farmingdale. The tenement of P. G. Broadstreet was gutted.

\$100,000 at Martin's Ferry.

WHEELING, W. Va., June 9.—The most disastrous fire occurring in this vicinity for four years broke out in the engine room of the Loughlin mill works at Martin's Ferry, on the Ohio side of the river opposite this city. The town in which the works are located is totally at the mercy of fires, having no fire department and no water works, and the flames spread with great rapidity until all the central portion of the mill, embracing the engine and boiler building, and what is known as the old mill factory, containing 120 machines, was in ruins.

The fire extended to the warehouse, planing mill, etc., adjoining, but the arrival of a portion of the Wheeling department saved those buildings. The origin of the fire is unknown, but there are rumors of incendiarism, and they taken into consideration with the fact that the hose was repeatedly cut, have gained some credence. The loss will be \$100,000. There is \$100,000 of insurance on the works which are valued at \$250,000.

Tin and Sheet Iron.

BUFFALO, N. Y., June 9.—The tin and sheet iron factory of W. A. Case & Son, near the foot of Washington street was completely destroyed. The loss on buildings is estimated at \$10,000, and on contents about the same amount.

Chair Factory Burned.

WORCESTER, Mass., June 9.—Haywood, Stewart & Co's chair factory in Hubbardston, was burned yesterday afternoon. Loss \$25,000; insurance \$10,000.

GOT 'EM ON THE LIST.

The Chicago Anarchists Who are Indicted for Murder and Conspiracy.

CHICAGO, June 9.—The list of persons indicted for offenses connected with the Haymarket riot, are: For murder—Lewis Lingg, two charges; August Spies, Michael Schwab, Samuel Fielden, Albert R. Parsons, Adolph Fischer, George Engel, William Seliger, Rudolph Schnaubelt, and Oscar W. Neebe.

Conspiracy—Christ Spies, Lorenzo Hermann, Balthazar Rau, Victor Clermond, Gruenewald, Bernhard Schraeder, Gustav Breitenfeldt, Gottfried Waller, Herman Muenzenberg, Gustav Lehmann, Otto Lehmann, William Schubert, John Thiele, William Hagemann, Abraham Hermann, Peter Huber, Ernest Huebner, Anton Hirschberger, August Spies, Michael Schwab, Samuel Fielden, Albert R. Parsons, Adolph Fischer, George Engel, Louis Lingg, William Seliger, Rudolph Schnaubelt, Oscar W. Neebe, William S. Snyder, Thomas Brown and John Apel.

An indictment on another charge was also returned against Thomas Brown.

An American Opinion.

BUFFALO, N. Y., June 9.—James Mooney, ex-president of the Irish National league, speaking of the defeat of Gladstone's Home Rule bill, said: "I am neither disappointed nor heartened. I have faith in the justice of the cause and am quite sure the time has gone by when Ireland can be ruled by coercion. I do not believe the people of Great Britain can afford to keep up a policy which is alike contrary to civilization and to every law, human and divine. In my opinion Mr. Gladstone will be sustained by an overwhelming vote in an appeal to the people, and Mr. Parnell's following be yet further increased to 95."

Mr. Mooney said further that there would be no lack of money to back the Irish people in their struggle.

HOME TO WASHINGTON.

THE PRESIDENTIAL PARTY HAVE LEFT DEER PARK.

The Honeymoon Brought to a Close After Spending Six Delightful Days Among the Scenic Mountains—The Last Drive, The Guards Thanked—Good Bye.

DEER PARK, Md., June 9.—The presidential party, consisting of President and Mrs. Cleveland, and Col. and Mrs. Lamont left Deer Park for Washington at 1 o'clock p. m. The special train was made up of President Garrett's boarder car "Maryland," Col. John W. Davis' private car "Delaware," and a combination car for all the baggage and employes. The special train was run as the second section of the Chicago limited, which passes Deer Park at 12:47 p. m.

None of the through trains have been stopping at Deer Park during the president's sojourn here, but, in order that the newspaper correspondents may not be compelled to go to Oakland to board a train, arrangements were made to have the Chicago limited stop, hence the press representatives on the return trip preceded the presidential train.

The president's party occupied President Garrett's car and Col. Davis, of the Baltimore & Ohio railroad, and Mr. Charles Seiden, general superintendent of the Baltimore & Ohio Telegraph company, used the "Delaware."

In this car ex-Senator Davis and Mr. Stephen B. Elkins rode as far as Piedmont, where they were called to attend to some business matters.

The special train arrived in Washington about 7 p. m., and stopped on the outskirts of the city to allow the distinguished party to escape the annoyance of going through the crowded railroad depot.

The President and Miss Cleveland expressed themselves as highly gratified with their visit, and both are enjoying the best of health.

Shortly after 10 o'clock in the morning the party took a drive in an open carriage to Observatory mountain, and upon their return prepared for their homeward trip. Previous to leaving the cottage the president thanked the detectives and guards for their faithful work, and said he had enjoyed his mountain visit hugely.

During the stay of the presidential party at Deer Park, the Baltimore & Ohio Telegraph company transmitted nearly 400,000 words of press matter—ten telegraph operators having been stationed here during the entire week.

On the Way.

FREDMONT, W. Va., June 9.—Left Deer Park depot 12:50, stopped at Deer Park station 12:55. Quite a crowd had gathered at the depot. The president stepped out on the rear platform and he and Mrs. Cleveland shook hands with quite a number of ladies and gentlemen. Among the crowd was the mayor of the village. The president remarked with a smile, "I know how that is, I was once mayor myself." One of the ladies seemed too modest to reach up her hand to shake that of Mrs. Cleveland, the latter gracefully stepped down from the platform two steps, and extending her hand spoke heartily.

The president and his wife, Col. Lamont and wife, Mr. Henry John W. Davis, Stephen B. Elkins and Henry Davis occupied the rear car on the trip from Deer Park to Piedmont. The presidential party were very enthusiastic over the magnificent mountains and praised very highly many scenes in the charming panorama as it passed before them.

KEYSER, W. Va., June 9.—The presidential train arrived at Piedmont at 1:45, and left at 1:50. There was not less than 1,000 people at the station. They crowded around the car while the brass band blew itself hoarse. One of the citizens said that a gentleman would represent them, but the president replied the citizens represent themselves. A very handsome little boy in his father's arms was carried over hands by the crowd and placed upon the rear platform, where he presented Mrs. Cleveland with a bouquet, which she smilingly received and shook his hand when the crowd broke forth with wild cheers. The train left amidst deafening hurrahs.

CUMBERLAND, Md., June 9.—The presidential train arrived at Keyser at 2 o'clock, and left at 2:04. Train Master Danlap was relieved by Supervisor French. Engine No 813, engineer, W. Blackwell; fireman, W. M. Johnson, now took the train. There was a very large crowd of people at the depot among them many ladies. A little child was passed up with a bouquet for Mrs. Cleveland and the president said: "How do you do little one," and to another child which was bashful, "Look up little one."

Ladies presented Mrs. Cleveland with bouquets and held a chatty conversation with the president.

One gentleman introduced himself saying: "I am sheriff of the county, but I do not expect to follow in your footsteps."

The president replied: "Come ahead I will make way for you."

The train pulled out amidst great cheering, and one man in the crowd held a large American flag which he waved upon the departure of the train. The train made no stop at Cumberland, but pulled slowly through the town. The tracks were lined with citizens cheering lustily while the president stood on the rear platform bowing to the multitude.

A DRAWN BATTLE.

Local Option Elections in the Old North State.

RALEIGH, N. C., June 9.—Local option elections were held at many points in the state. There was much excitement, but the election passed off quietly. The Prohibitionists carried the day at Raleigh by sixty majority and also at the following places: Concord, Oxford, Kingston, Henderson, Warrenton, Lewisburg, Winston, Salem, Apex, Beauford and Seaboard. The anti-Prohibitionists carried the election at Charlotte, Durham, Franklinton, Readsville, Holly Springs, Morehead, Asheville, Goldsboro, Littleton and Statesville.

The election was upon the question of license for the sale of spirituous liquors, and goes into effect at once where Prohibition was carried.

WINSTON WITHDRAWS.

The Minister to Persia Coming Back. Matrimonial Muddles.

NEW YORK, June 9.—The Sun's Washington special says: "Last week the secretary of state received by mail from Teheran, the resignation of Frederick H. Winston, of Chicago, as minister to Persia, and this morning accepted the same by telegraph. In his letter of resignation, Mr. Winston does not give his reasons for wanting to come home, further than that they are personal, but among his friends here it is known that certain events have occurred which makes it very lonesome for him in Persia, and that he would have turned back when he got so far as Constantinople, but fear of being laughed at.

"Mr. Winston sought and secured the Persian mission with the expectation that he would take a wife with him to Teheran, and he explained to people who wondered why he wanted to go to such a place that it was not on his own account but to gratify the lady he was to marry. It is known also that he made elaborate preparations for a wedding, but why it was deferred has not been explained. The young lady whose name has been associated with his has been in Washington most of the winter, and has repeatedly denied that she was ever engaged to him, although she admitted having received his attentions, and her friends boast that she might have been Mrs. Winston.

"It is impossible to credit or explain the stories that have been current in Washington about Mr. Winston's matrimonial affairs, but the impression at the state department and among his friends here is that some disappointment in that line is the cause of his resignation. The last despatch received from him at the department was quite enthusiastic in its predictions of his success in introducing American machinery in Persia, and he described his plans for doing so."

ALMOST A TRAGEDY.

A Family Skeleton—An Enraged Husband. A Revolver and an Iron Door.

GALVESTON, Tex., June 9.—A decided sensation was created in social and political circles here by the murderous assault made by the Hon. James B. Stubbs, one of the leading attorneys of the city, on John K. Brotherson, a young man aged twenty-four, in the employ of the Waters-Pierce Oil company. Mr. Stubbs has served a term in the state senate and filled the office of city attorney.

Theodore Stubbs, United States storekeeper for Galveston, and father of the ex-senator, was earnestly talking with young Brotherson about some private affairs when the ex-senator suddenly appeared on the scene, livid with rage, and at once opened fire on Brotherson, who managed to enter the warehouse and close the iron door just in time to save his life. Stubbs was disarmed after an exciting struggle, during which his revolver went off, nearly striking his father. Attempts to suppress the matter proved futile.

Young Brotherson is a cousin of Mrs. Stubbs, the handsome wife of the ex-senator. It is said he became infatuated with the woman, which led her husband to seek his life. It is feared that the outcome may yet prove serious. Mr. Stubbs is a very close friend of Congressman Craine, and represents that gentleman's political interests at home.

HARDY'S FOOLHARDINESS.

Forcefully Enters a Young Lady's Room to Compel Marriage.

TOLEDO, O., June 9.—A. H. Hardy, of Lebanon, Ky., a member of one of the wealthiest families in Kentucky and a grandson of Gen. Hardy, was arrested upon a charge preferred by Miss Ella Devereaux, of Cleveland. The young lady charges that while she was stopping at a leading hotel in the city, Hardy forcibly entered her room and tried to induce her to run away with him and marry him.

Upon her refusal she says, he drew a pistol and threatened to kill her, but was driven from the room by the hotel porters. Miss Devereaux is well connected in Cleveland society. Hardy was sent to the work house.

SLAIN BY HIS PLAYMATE.

A Child of Six Sends a Bullet Through Another Little One's Breast.

AKRON, O., June 9.—"I am going to shoot you now," called out little Howard Rempsis, aged six, to Arthur Adecock, aged four, as the two children were playing together. The little Rempsis boy had got his father's revolver and had pointed it at his playmate. The words had scarcely been spoken when the revolver was discharged, the ball lodging in the Adecock child's bosom just below the heart. He is still alive, but physicians have given up.

A Newspaper Man Killed.

ST. LOUIS, June 9.—The balcony on which were seated the newspaper men reporting the races at the St. Louis race course fell with a crash just as the horses started off on the first race yesterday. Some fifty reporters and outsiders had fallen with the balcony, and some of them were buried under the others and badly hurt. R. A. Dyer, for several years connected with the Republican, was so badly injured that he died at 11 o'clock last night. None of the others were fatally hurt.

Jealousy That Led to a Killing.

ST. LOUIS, June 9.—Peter Robinson, a coachman employed in Kirkwood, shot and instantly killed Frank Bowen, a carpenter. Robinson had just started for a walk with Kate Hill, a domestic, when Bowen, prompted by jealousy, attacked him, threw him to the ground, and was administering to him a severe beating, when the girl interfered and separated them. Upon arising from the ground Robinson drew his revolver, fired and killed his opponent.

Found Murdered.

STEVENSVILLE, O., June 9.—At McCoy's station near Steubenville, Mrs. Nancy Weir was found dead in her room with her throat cut from ear to ear and with several knife wounds on her body and on one hand. Near her body lay a penknife. It is supposed that the woman was murdered. Ed Householder, of McCoy's, has been arrested at Steubenville on suspicion of being the murderer.

A Spiritualist Robbed.

PHILADELPHIA, June 9.—T. J. Ambrosia, treasurer of the Second Spiritualist association, reported to the police that he had been robbed by his son of \$1,700 belonging to the association. The young man has disappeared.